

**Heart SMART: Developing Congestive Heart Failure Case Management Program for Improved Quality of Healthcare**

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♡ **SMART: Successful Management Always Requires a Team**

- ▶ **Outcome Oriented Case Management:**  
Develop program evaluation plan
- ▶ **Chronic Care Model Framework:**  
Improve congestive heart failure case management outcomes
- ▶ **Teach Back Case Management:**  
Strategy to improve patient outcomes and quality of care

**Objectives**

- ▶ Outcome oriented case management- develop program evaluation plan
- ▶ Chronic Care Model as framework to improve congestive heart failure case management outcomes
- ▶ Teach Back case management strategy to improve patient outcomes and quality of care

♡ SMART

**Working Backwards**

Solving the Mystery:

- ▶ Piecing together the evidence



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**Outcome Oriented Case Management**

▶ **Why Evaluation?**

“If you don’t know where you are going, you’ll end up someplace else.”

Yogi Berra



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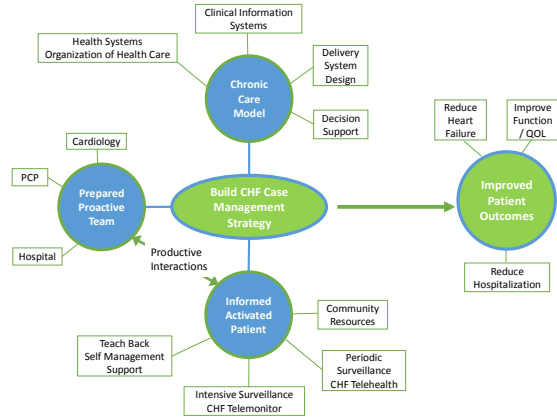
**Heart SMART Logic Components**

- ▶ **Inputs:** Develop CHF CM program, CHF patient toolkit/teach back materials, outreach hospital, PCP and cardiology partners, CHF/AMI data claims
- ▶ **Outputs:** Patient population identified, patient follows CHF action plan, medication adherence, enhanced PCP patient partnership
- ▶ **Outcomes:** Improved CHF self-care management, improved quality of care, reduced inpatient hospital readmissions; program first evaluated on care process then on program outcomes

♡ SMART

## Heart SMART Program Evaluation

- ▶ Teach Back pre/post test evaluation (Care process)
- ▶ CHF/AMI hospital readmission rates (Program outcomes)



## “Health literacy is fundamental to quality care”



Institute of medicine, 2004

## Health Literacy

- ▶ Health literacy is the ability to understand health information and to use that information to make good decisions about your health and medical care.
- ▶ It includes written and verbal communication

Medline Plus 2011 (NIH)

## Limited Health literacy Can Affect:

- ▶ Ability to fill out forms
- ▶ Locate providers and services
- ▶ Share health history
- ▶ Ability to care for self
- ▶ Manage a chronic disease
- ▶ Understand how to take medications

Medline plus 2011 (NIH)

## Teach Back Strategy to Improve CHF Quality of Care

Increase health literacy aligned with improved quality of care.

Low health literacy may lead to:

- ▶ Longer hospitalizations (Baker et al., 1997, 2002)
- ▶ Chronic disease (CCL, 2008)
- ▶ Earlier Death (Baker et al., 2007; Sudore, 2006)

## “Teach-Back” Used to Curb Readmissions

Case Study: Griffin Hospital successfully implements “Teach-Back” to reduce CHF readmissions (2010)

136 CHF patients teach-back used post-discharge instructions

Results: readmission time for teach-back 130 days; control 82 days

Example teach-back method

[www.youtube.com/watch?v=UZUCqgHXTV4](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UZUCqgHXTV4)



## Heart Failure Teach Back

- ▶ What was your discharge diagnosis?
- ▶ When is your F/U visit with your PCP?
- ▶ What is the name of your water pill?
- ▶ What weight gain should you report to your doctor?
- ▶ What foods should you avoid?
- ▶ What symptoms should you report to your doctor?



## Teaching

“Good teaching is more a giving of right questions than a giving of right answers.”

- Josef Albers



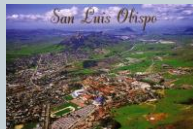
## Putting It All Together

- ▶ Develop a case management program evaluation plan for outcome oriented care
- ▶ Chronic Care Model for case management strategy
- ▶ Consider Health Literacy for improved patient outcomes



## Heart SMART Improving Quality of Care

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## Identifying Quality of Care for those with Heart Conditions

- HEDIS Rates
  - Beta Blocker after MI
- Readmission Rates/ED visits
- Quality of Life Issues
  - Satisfaction with Medical Care
  - Motivation to make lifestyle changes
  - Knowledge of health conditions and ways to manage



## Identifying Barriers to Quality Care

- Decreased access to PCPs/ Specialists
- Lack of systems/staff to identify and treat members with fragile conditions
- Complexity of medical system; RAFs, MRF/ TARs
- Patients may have multiple comorbidities and psychosocial issues
  - ✦ Homeless
  - ✦ Substance Abuse
  - ✦ Mental Health Issues



## Identify Opportunities to Maximize Care

- **Provide enhanced access to PCP care**
  - PCP post hospital visits within 7 days
  - Urgent care; Nurse Triage service
- **Assist Physicians with coordination of care**
  - Specialty visit referrals
  - Transportation
  - Medication refills and adherence
  - Education regarding health condition
  - Home monitoring; weight, blood pressure
  - Heart SMART – CM-Ongoing support and navigation



## Measuring Improvement

- Not everything can be measured with a ruler
- Success may come in tiny increments
- Data can tell any story
- Making a connection and influencing a person to improve their health is a huge success
- Keep doing what you do....IT MATTERS.

